UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

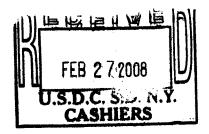
PEARSON EDUCATION, INC.,
JOHN WILEY & SONS, INC.,
CENGAGE LEARNING INC. AND
THE MCGRAW-HILL COMPANIES, INC.,

Plaintiffs,

-against-

ZHENGSHU GU AND JUN LIAO BOTH D/B/A TOM DANIELS D/B/A C_BOOKS D/B/A CTRADE+BOOKS D/B/A REDAPPLE D/B/A LLBOOKS AND JOHN DOES NOS. 1-5,

Defendants.



07 Civ. 9601 (SHS)

AMENDED COMPLAINT

Plaintiffs Pearson Education, Inc. ("Pearson"), John Wiley & Sons, Inc. ("Wiley"), Cengage Learning Inc. ("Cengage") and The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. ("McGraw-Hill"), by their undersigned attorneys, for their amended complaint against defendants Zhengshu Gu and Jun Liao both d/b/a Tom Daniels d/b/a C_Books d/b/a Ctrade-Books d/b/a RedApple d/b/a LLBooks and John Doe Nos. 1 through 5, aver:

Nature of the Action

1. Plaintiffs are bringing this action to enforce their copyrights and trademarks against defendants' unlawful

sale in the United States of non-United States versions of plaintiffs' educational books.

Jurisdiction and Venue

- 2. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over the first two claims in this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. \$\$ 1331 and 1338 because they arise under the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. \$ 101 et seq., or the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. \$ 1051 et seq. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over the third claim in this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. \$ 1367 because it is so related to the claims within the original jurisdiction of this Court that they form part of the same case or controversy within the meaning of Article III of the United States Constitution.
- 3. Upon information and belief, venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391.

Parties

- 4. Pearson is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware with its principal place of business at One Lake Street, Upper Saddle River, New Jersey 07458.
- 5. Wiley is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York with its principal place of business at 111 River Street, Hoboken, New Jersey 07030.

- 6. Cengage is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware with its principal place of business at 200 First Stamford Place, 4th Floor, Stamford, Connecticut 06902.
- 7. McGraw-Hill is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York with its principal place of business at 1221 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York 10020.
- 8. Defendants Zhengshu Gu and Jun Liao both d/b/a Tom Daniels d/b/a C_Books d/b/a Ctrade-Books d/b/a RedApple d/b/a LLBooks are natural persons residing at 14606 Cove View Circle, Midlothian, Virginia 23112.
- 9. Upon information and belief, defendants John Doe Nos. 1-5 are associates of Zhengshu Gu and Jun Liao both d/b/a Tom Daniels d/b/a C_Books d/b/a Ctrade-Books d/b/a RedApple d/b/a LLBooks whose identities are presently unknown to plaintiffs.

The Businesses of Plaintiffs

- 10. Each plaintiff publishes a variety of works, including educational books.
- 11. As a standard practice, each plaintiff requires its authors to assign the copyright to them or grant them the exclusive rights of reproduction and distribution in the United

States. This practice enables each plaintiff to maximize dissemination of each work.

- 12. Plaintiffs invest significant monies to publish their copyrighted works. Plaintiffs, for example, make substantial investments in royalties, content creation, licensing, copyediting, proofreading, typesetting, layout, printing, binding, distribution, and promotion.
- 13. Plaintiffs earn a substantial portion of their revenue from the publication of their copyrighted works and would suffer serious financial injury if their copyrights were not enforced. A substantial decline in their income could cause plaintiffs to cease publishing one or more deserving books or journals. This would adversely impact the creation of new works, scholarly endeavor, and scientific progress.
- 14. Plaintiffs' educational books authorized for sale in the United States are of the highest quality (the "United States Editions"). These books are generally printed with strong, hard-cover bindings with glossy protective coatings and, in some cases, contain extra features such as sewn ribbon bookmarks. Plaintiffs frequently offer academic supplements, such as CD-ROMs, computer passwords that provide purchasers with access to academic websites corresponding to the textbooks, and study guides with the United States Editions.

15. Plaintiffs generally create different versions of their educational books that are intended for sale in specific geographic markets outside of the United States (the "Foreign Editions"). The Foreign Editions materially differ from the United States Editions. The Foreign Editions have thinner paper and different bindings, different cover and jacket designs, fewer internal ink colors, if any, lower quality photographs and graphics, and generally lower prices than the United States Editions. Also, the Foreign Editions often lack academic supplements, such as CD-ROMs, website passwords, or study The Foreign Editions are generally marked to quides. indicate their lower cost by a legend indicating, in substance, that the title is a "Low Price Edition" and/or authorized for sale only in a particular country or geographic region. Foreign Editions are uniformly manufactured outside of the United States.

Plaintiffs' Copyrights and Trademarks

16. Plaintiffs routinely register their copyrights.

Pearson has generally registered its works (the "Pearson

Copyrights"), including those identified on Schedule A. Wiley

has generally registered its works (the "Wiley Copyrights"),

including those identified on Schedule B. Cengage has generally

registered its works (the "Cengage Copyrights"), including those

identified on Schedule C. McGraw-Hill has generally registered

its works (the "McGraw-Hill Copyrights"), including the works identified on Schedule D.

- 17. Plaintiffs also own, themselves or through their parent or affiliate companies, trademarks that they use to differentiate their products from those of their competitors.
- 18. Pearson PLC, Pearson's ultimate parent company, is the owner of and Pearson is an exclusive licensee of, with the accompanying right and duty to protect and enforce Pearson PLC's rights therein, the well-known trademarks "Pearson," "Pearson Education" and "Prentice Hall." Pearson is the direct holder of the well-known trademark "Benjamin Cummings." Pearson's affiliate corporation Addison Wesley Longman, Inc., is the owner of, and Pearson is the exclusive licensee of, with the accompanying right and duty to protect and enforce its and its affiliate company's rights therein, the well known trademarks "Addison Wesley" or "Addison-Wesley" (the "Pearson Trademarks"). The United States Registrations for the Pearson Trademarks are identified on Schedule E.
- 19. Among Wiley's well-known trademarks are "John Wiley & Sons," "Wiley," and the "John Wiley Colophon" (the "Wiley Trademarks"). The United States Registrations for the Wiley Trademarks are identified on Schedule F.
- 20. Among McGraw-Hill's well-known trademarks are "McGraw-Hill," "The McGraw-Hill Companies" and "Irwin" (the

"McGraw-Hill Trademarks"). The United States Registrations for the McGraw-Hill Trademarks are identified on Schedule G.

The Infringing Acts of Defendants

21. Defendants have without permission purchased
Foreign Editions of plaintiffs' books manufactured outside of the
United States and resold them to purchasers in the United States
through the Internet at the websites AbeBooks.com, Biblio.com,
and Valorebooks.com and using the e-mail addresses
Cbooks12@gmail.com and Ilikeapple12@gmail.com.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Copyright Infringement - 17 U.S.C. § 501)

- 22. Plaintiffs repeat the averments contained in paragraphs 1 through 21 as if set forth in full.
- 23. Pearson has received United States Certificates of Copyright Registration for the Pearson Copyrights.
- 24. Wiley has received United States Certificates of Copyright Registration for the Wiley Copyrights.
- 25. Cengage has received United States Certificates of Copyright Registration for the Cengage Copyrights.
- 26. McGraw-Hill has received a United States
 Certificates of Copyright Registrations for the McGraw-Hill
 Copyrights.
- 27. The Pearson, Wiley, Cengage and McGraw-Hill Copyrights are valid and enforceable.

- 28. Defendants have infringed the Pearson, Wiley, Cengage and McGraw-Hill Copyrights in violation of 17 U.S.C. \$ 501.
- 29. Defendants' acts have irreparably damaged and, unless enjoined, will continue to irreparably damage plaintiffs. Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at law for these wrongs and injuries. Plaintiffs are, therefore, entitled to a preliminary and permanent injunction restraining and enjoining defendants and their agents, servants, employees, and attorneys and all persons acting in concert with them, from infringing the Pearson, Wiley, Cengage and McGraw-Hill Copyrights.
- 30. Defendants have willfully infringed the Pearson, Wiley, Cengage and McGraw-Hill Copyrights.
- 31. Plaintiffs are entitled to recover all damages sustained as a result of defendants' unlawful conduct including (1) defendants' profits, or (2) plaintiffs' damages, or alternatively (3) statutory damages.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Trademark Infringement - 15 U.S.C. § 1114(a))

- 32. Plaintiffs repeat the averments contained in paragraphs 1 through 31 above as if set forth in full.
- 33. Pearson is the exclusive licensee of the Pearson Trademarks, with the accompanying right and duty to protect and enforce Pearson's rights therein. Pearson's licensor parent and

affiliate companies have obtained United States Trademark
Registrations for the Pearson Trademarks.

- 34. Wiley owns the Wiley Trademarks, for which it has obtained United States Trademark Registrations.
- 35. McGraw-Hill owns the McGraw-Hill Trademarks, for which it has obtained United States Trademark Registrations.
- 36. The Pearson, Wiley, and McGraw-Hill Trademarks are valid and enforceable.
- 37. Defendants have infringed the Pearson, Wiley, and McGraw-Hill Trademarks in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1114(a) by using them on and/or in connection with the works that they have sold.
- irreparably damaged plaintiffs and may continue to do so. The damage to plaintiffs includes harm to their good will and reputation in the marketplace for which money cannot compensate. Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at law for these wrongs. Plaintiffs are, therefore, entitled to a preliminary and permanent injunction restraining and enjoining defendants, their agents, servants, employees, and attorneys and all persons acting in concert with them from using the Pearson, Wiley, and McGraw-Hill Trademarks or any colorable imitation of them.
- 39. Defendants have willfully infringed the Pearson, Wiley, and McGraw-Hill Trademarks.

40. Plaintiffs are entitled to recover (1) defendants' profits from the infringing books, (2) plaintiffs' damages, (3) the costs of the suit, and (4) reasonable attorneys' fees.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Common Law Unfair Competition Under State Law)

- 41. Plaintiffs repeat the averments contained in paragraphs 1 through 40 above as if set forth in full.
- damaged and may continue to damage plaintiffs irreparably. The damage to plaintiffs includes harm to their goodwill and reputation in the marketplace for which money cannot compensate. Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at law for these wrongs and injuries. Plaintiffs are, therefore, entitled to a preliminary and permanent injunction restraining and enjoining defendants, their agents, servants, employees, and attorneys and all persons acting in concert with them from using the Pearson, Wiley, and McGraw-Hill Trademarks or any colorable imitation of them, to restitution of defendants' ill-gotten gains, and to punitive damages in an amount to be determined by the trier of fact in this action.

WHEREFORE, plaintiffs demand judgment:

A. Preliminarily and permanently enjoining defendants, their agents, servants, employees, and attorneys and

all those acting in concert with them from infringing the Pearson, Wiley, Cengage and McGraw-Hill Copyrights in violation of 17 U.S.C. § 501;

- B. Awarding plaintiffs their damages or defendants' profits, or alternatively, at plaintiffs' election, statutory damages, as a result of defendants' willful infringement of the Pearson, Wiley, Cengage and McGraw-Hill Copyrights;
- C. Preliminarily and permanently enjoining defendants, their agents, servants, employees, and attorneys and all those acting in concert with them from infringing the Pearson, Wiley, and McGraw-Hill Trademarks in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1114(a);
- D. Awarding plaintiffs their damages and/or defendants' profits from their willful infringement of the Pearson, Wiley, and McGraw-Hill Trademarks pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1117(a);
- E. Directing that defendants engage in such additional activities, including, but not limited to, recalls of products and corrective advertising, as may be necessary and appropriate to mitigate the damage defendants have caused;
- F. Awarding plaintiffs their costs in this action, including their reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant 17 U.S.C. \$ 505 and 15 U.S.C. § 1117;

- G. Awarding plaintiffs punitive damages in an amount to be determined by the trier of fact in this action; and
- H. Granting such other and further relief as to this Court seems just and proper.

Dated: New York, New York February 26, 2008

DUNNEGAN LLC

William Dunnegan (WD9316)
Megan L. Martin (MM4396)
Attorneys for Plaintiffs

Attorneys for Plaintiffs
Pearson Education, Inc.,
John Wiley & Sons, Inc.,
Cengage Learning Inc., and
The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc.

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Schedule A "Pearson Copyrights"

Title
Date of Registration
Registration Number

Foundations of Microeconomics, 2nd Edition August 9, 2001 TX0005434127

Power Electronic Systems April 5, 2001 TX0005285671

Algorithms in C++, Parts 1-4 June 29, 1992 TX0003358887

Accounting
December 23, 1991
TX0003215992

Understanding Financial Statements December 10, 1997 TX0004674181

Scheduling Theory, Algorithms, and Systems October 3, 2001 TX0005447212

Algorithms for Statistical Signal Processing October 31, 2001 TX0005732923

An Introduction to Database Systems March 31, 1986 TX0001789563

Information Technology January 9, 2004 TX0005886964 Introduction to Econometrics December 20, 2002 TX0005659183

Java Network Programming and Distributed Computing April 26, 2002 TX0005515302

Aspect-Oriented Software Development with Use Cases February 3, 2005 TX0006105432

Distributed Systems October 25, 2001 TX0005451449

Multimedia Communication Systems July 15, 2002 TX0005600206

Information Retrieval July 15, 1992 TX0003370098

Digital Systems: Principles and Applications July 20, 2000 TX0005138471

Java Network Programming and Distributed Computing April 26, 2002 TX0005515302

Numerical Methods Using MATLAB February 27, 2004 TX0005917228

Fundamentals of Signals and Systems May 4, 2000 TX0005208480 Understanding Digital Signal Processing January 16, 1997 TX0004453909

First Course in Continuum Mechanics January 24, 1993 TX0003731069

Computer Integrated Manufacturing May 12, 2004 TX0005962831

Macroeconomics February 28, 1996 TX0004215849

Essentials of Organizational Behavior July 8, 1999 TX0005014758

Software Project Management June 25, 2003 TX0005815227

Effective C++
November 13, 1997
TX0004669032

Cost Accounting January 2, 1991 TX0002991534

Cryptography and Network Security September 18, 2002 TX0005618035

Adaptive Filter Theory October 3, 2001 TX0005446396

Decision Support Systems and Intelligent Systems November 10, 1997 TX0004660463 International Investments January 11, 2001 TX0005236925

An Introduction to the Analysis of Algorithms February 28, 1996 TX0004201220

Nonlinear Systems January 15, 2002 TX0005475771

Applying Use Case Driven Object Modeling with UML July 12, 2001 TX0005329268

Differential Geometry and Its Applications February 13, 1997 TX0004484070

Algorithms in Java (Parts 1-4) August 29, 2002 TX0005600257

UML Distilled October 28, 1999 TX0005069653

Fundamentals of Parallel Processing September 5, 2002 TX0005619279

Operating System Concepts December 7, 1993 TX0003699560

Discrete Mathematics November 2, 2001 TX0005466817

Global Marketing Management September 19, 2001 TX0005450507 The Art and Science of C December 12, 1994 TX0003978504

Linear Algebra and Its Applications December 20, 2002 TX0005659182

Design Patterns August 29, 1995 TX0004191861

Elementary Differential Equations November 10, 2003 TX0005982969

Systems Analysis and Design January 23, 2001 TX0005229634

Data Mining October 15, 2002 TX0005622899

Manufacturing
Engineering & Technology
April 5, 2001
TX0005309032

Advanced Modern Algebra June 3, 2002 TX0005539838

Signal Integrity--Simplified November 10, 2003 TX0005860889

Introduction to Industrial And Systems Engineering December 22, 1992 TX0003454381

A First Course in Probability October 3, 2001 TX0005446395 The Unified Software Development Process May 4, 1999 TX0004988616

Uml 2 and the Unified Process November 1, 2005 TX0006294772

Concrete Mathematics April 29, 1994 TX0003807669

Software Project Management in Practice April 26, 2002 TX0005517562

Digital Systems July 20, 2000 TX0005138471

Video Processing and Communications October 25, 2001 TX0005421765

Satellite Communications December 13, 1988 TX0002464089

The C++ Standard Library October 22, 1999 TX0005077597

Design Patterns in Java May 25, 2006 TX0006380157

A Practical Guide to Testing Object-Oriented Software April 13, 2001 TX0005285700 Construction Contracts July 20, 2000 TX0005249695

Theory of Vibration with Applications
December 2, 1997
TX0004676525

Unix Systems Programming August 12, 2003 TX0005807440

Introduction to Control System Technology March 26, 2003 TX0005747015

Wireless Communications & Networks
December 15, 2006
TX0006495035

Essentials of System Analysis and Design April 8, 2003 TX0005734493

Engineering Electromagnetics December 2, 1997 TX0004674026

Research Methods in Business Studies April, 27, 1995 TX0004039802

C: A Reference Manual March 8, 2002 TX0005488020

Agile Project Management June 21, 2004 TX0005986162 Occupational Safety
Management and Engineering
April 5, 2001
TX0005308095

Java Software Solutions August 14, 2002 TX0005568496

Languages and Machines January 16, 1997 TX0004453910

Object-Oriented Programming in C++ September 28, 1999 TX0005057509

Programming Abstractions in C November 3, 1997 TX0004663876

UNIX Network Programming November 2, 1998 TX0004771613

Schedule B "Wiley Copyrights"

Title
Date of Registration
Registration Number

VLSI Digital Signal Processing Systems March 5, 1999 TX0004945575

Pattern Classification August 11, 2006 TX0006418016

Design and Analysis of Experiments July 27, 2000 TX0005250245

Modern Portfolio Theory and Investment Analysis October 15, 2002 TX0005623026

Financial Accounting in an Economic Context May 2, 2005 TX0006162290

Schedule C "Cengage Copyrights"

Title
Date of Registration
Registration Number

Managing Human Resources July 29, 2003 TX0005771533

Entrepreneurship: Theory, Process and Practice September 29, 2006 TX0006434925

Introduction to Wireless and Mobile Systems October 29, 2002 TX0005665266

Electronic Commerce October 24, 2006 TX0006451224

Organizational Communication December 30, 1998 TX0004872703

Management May 9, 2007 TX0006577475

Human Resource Selection March 19, 2007 TX0006547440

Basic Marketing Research October 25, 2006 TX0006451497

Organizational Behavior October 2, 2006 TX0006433256 Computer Science April 24, 2000 TX0005204089

Schedule D "McGraw-Hill Copyrights"

Title
Date of Registration
Registration Number

Essentials of Contemporary Management July 24, 2003 TX0005782146

Simulation Modeling and Analysis February 1, 2000 TX0005124654

Strategic Management of Technology and Innovation February 13, 2004 TX0005916425

TCP/IP Protocol Suite February 8, 2005 TX0006119094

Strategy October 10, 2003 TX0006175913

Management Communication February 14, 1997 TX0004479214

Semiconductor Physics and Devices November 13, 2002 TX0005608842

Portfolio Management February 14, 1997 TX0004483517

Design of Analog CMOS Integrated Circuits January 25, 2001 TX0005339805 Financial Statement Analysis December 20, 2000 TX0005190578

An Introduction to Object-Oriented Programming with Java August 4, 2000 TX0005281523

Financial Markets & Corporate Strategy November 13, 2001 TX0005471539

Optical Fiber Communications April 25, 2000 TX0005199866

Business and Administrative Communication March 10, 2003 TX0005695948

Simulation Using ProModel February 12, 2000 TX0005040403

Communication Systems July 19, 2001 TX0005349327

International Financial Management October 14, 2003 TX0005816374

Complete Wireless Design March 19, 2001 TX0005265545

Methods, Standards, and Work Design December 20, 2002 TX0005667324 Introduction to Environmental Engineering March 24, 1998 TX0004744262

Fundamentals of Graphics Communication April 27, 2004 TX0005956718

Applied Linear Regression Models September 20, 2004 TX0006038420

IC Layout Basics December 6, 2001 TX0005470364

Marketing: The Core February 4, 2004 TX0006030091

Database Systems Concepts July 31, 2001 TX0005420188

Environmental Science May 5, 2003 TX0005733460

Modern Processor Design Fundamentals of Superscalar Processors November 22, 2002 TX0005657680

Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics March 14, 1984 TX0001301529

Electromagnetics with Applications December 20, 1999 TX0005032273

Schedule E Pearson Trademarks

U.S. Trademark	Registration Number	Class
U.S. Trademark 1. "Pearson" 2. "Pearson" 3. "Pearson" 4. "Pearson" 5. "Pearson" 6. "Pearson" 7. "Prentice-Hall" 8. "Prentice-Hall" 9. "Prentice-Hall" 10. "Addison Wesley" 11. "Addison-Wesley"	2,599,724 2,600,081 2,652,792 2,679,355 2,691,830 2,694,359 1,332,044 1,332,639 1,375,654 2,188,798	Class 009, 016, 035, 042 041 009, 016 016 041 009 016 042 009 016 016
12. "Benjamin Cummings" 13. "Benjamin Cummings" 14. "Benjamin Cummings" 15. "Benjamin Cummings" 16. "Benjamin Cummings"	2,674,589 2,671,773 2,671,772 2,621,299	016 041 041 016 016

Schedule F Wiley Trademarks

	U.S. Trademark	Registration Number	Class
1. 2.	"JW" Colophon "Wiley"	2,168,941 1,003,988	009, 042 009, 016,
3.	"Wiley"	2,159,987	036, 038 009, 042

Schedule G McGraw-Hill Trademarks

	U.S. Trademark	Registration Number	Class
1.	"McGraw-Hill"	1,350,345	16
2.	"McGraw-Hill"	2,899,528	16, 41
3.	"The McGraw-Hill Companies"	3,103,212	9,16,35,36,37, 38,39,40,41,42
4.	"Irwin"	1,718,118	16